

RI of the layer	materials $n_{1,2}(\lambda)$	Sellmeier or Drude dispersion formula	use a dispersion formula (instead $n(\lambda)$ dataset)	layer thickness, nm	#layer
$1.5094 + i \times 0$		BK7.slmr	True	$\infty$	$n_0$
$1.4666 + i \times 0.00001$		SiO2_Troitsk.slmr	True	170.73	1
$2.3137 + i \times 0.00001$		TiO2_Troitsk.slmr	True	86.46	2
$1.4666 + i \times 0.00001$		SiO2_Troitsk.slmr	True	170.73	3
$2.3137 + i \times 0.00001$		TiO2_Troitsk.slmr	True	86.46	4
$1.4666 + i \times 0.00001$		SiO2_Troitsk.slmr	True	170.73	5
$2.3137 + i \times 0.00001$		TiO2_Troitsk.slmr	True	86.46	6
$1.4666 + i \times 0.00001$		SiO2_Troitsk.slmr	True	170.73	7
$2.3137 + i \times 0.00001$		TiO2_Troitsk.slmr	True	86.46	8
$1.4666 + i \times 0.00001$		SiO2_Troitsk.slmr	True	170.73	9
$2.3137 + i \times 0.00001$		TiO2_Troitsk.slmr	True	86.46	10
$1.4666 + i \times 0.00001$		SiO2_Troitsk.slmr	True	304	11
$2.3137 + i \times 0.00001$		TiO2_Troitsk.slmr	True	86.46	12
$1.4666 + i \times 0.00001$		SiO2_Troitsk.slmr	True	207	13
$1 + i \times 0$		vacuum.slmr	True	0	$n_e$